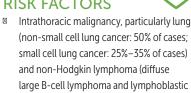
# STAT

### SUPERIOR VENA CAVA SYNDROME

SUPERIOR VENA CAVA SYNDROME is the obstruction of blood flow through the superior vena cava.





Thrombosis associated with catheters or pacemaker wires

lymphoma: 10%-15% of cases)

Rare causes: metastatic breast cancer,
Hodgkin lymphoma, or other



#### CAUSES/ PATHOPHYSIOLOGY

- Solid tumor compression of the superior vena cava either by external compression from tumor or lymph nodes or direct invasion of the superior vena cava by thrombosis or tumor
- Causes venous congestion, leading to obstruction of blood return from the upper body
- Cardiac output potentially affected by poor blood return to the heart

#### SIGNS & SYMPTOMS

- Facial swelling or head fullness (worse with bending down)
- Edema in the face, chest, neck, and upper extremities
- □ Dyspnea and cough
- ☑ Distended veins in the chest
- ☑ Ruddy complexion
- ☑ Tachypnea; plethora
- Severe or life-threatening: confusion, obtundation from cerebral edema, stridor from laryngeal edema or hemodynamic compromise



#### BEST PRACTICE

Prompt intervention can avoid life-threatening outcomes.



#### DIAGNOSTIC ASSESSMENT

- Chest computed tomography with contrast
- Ultrasound followed by tissue diagnosis as indicated

## NURSING CONSIDERATIONS

- Assess for respiratory, cardiovascular, or neurologic compromise.
- Supportive care includes cardiovascular and respiratory support as needed.
- Symptom management addresses dyspnea with oxygen, elevation of head of bed, and anxiety management.
- Potentially treat underlying disease with radiation therapy, chemotherapy, or stenting.
- ☐ Thrombus is to be treated with anticoagulants or thrombolytics.
- Provide psychosocial support for symptoms and new or worsening cancer diagnosis.

#### **ADDITIONAL RESOURCES**

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Prepared by Kathleen Sacharian, MSN, CRNP, AOCNP®, at the Oncology Nursing Society and printed by the *Clinical Journal of Oncology Nursing* (https://doi.org/10.1188/20 .CJON.712). Check your facility's policies, procedures, and/or standards of practice before applying this to practice. For more information, email pubCJON@ons.org.